2023 GONZALES COUNTY APPRAISAL REVIEW BOARD (GCARB) HEARING PROCEDURES

as of the scheduled hearing date are due at check in. Appointment of Agent Forms 50-162 (AoA) for any accounts needing assigned authorization

- I. ARB Membership [Tax Code Section 5.103(b)(12), (15), and (16)]
- the individual to the person designated to receive applications or requests for ARB appointment. member is contacted by an individual regarding an appointment to the ARB, the member must direct the administration of applications or requests for appointment for membership on the ARB. If an ARB 1. Administration of ARB Appointments ARB members have no statutory role in the process for
- protest, deliberate on the protest or vote on the matter that is the subject of the protest. she has a conflict of interest that might prohibit his or her involvement, the member must immediately contact the ARB chair to address the matter. In the recusal process, the ARB member cannot hear the Code Section 41.69 may still prohibit participation. If an ARB member has a question as to whether he or Government Code Chapter 171 may not prohibit an ARB member from participation in a protest, Tax under Tax Code Section 41.69 that the interest be substantial). While a conflict of interest under Local Section 41.69 applies to any protest in which an ARB member has interest (i.e. there is no requirement that while Local Government Code Chapter 171 addresses matters of "substantial interest," Tax Code from the hearing and report the conflict to the ARB chair or secretary. ARB members must remember 41.69, the ARB member does not have to file an affidavit but must recuse himself or herself immediately even if it requires a delay in the conduct of the hearing. If the conflict arises from Tax Code Section file an affidavit with the ARB secretary. The affidavit must be filed as soon as the conflict is identified, the conflict exists due to the provisions of the Local Government Code Chapter 171, the member must protest hearing that a conflict of interest exists, the member cannot participate in a protest hearing. If conflicts of interest to the appropriate individuals. If an ARB member discovers before or during a individual or entity as may be provided by law. The chair must ensure prompt notification of reported member must promptly report any conflict of interest to the ARB chair in addition to any other participation in ARB activities, such as participation in the determination of a taxpayer protest. An ARB of interest that results in ineligibility to serve on the ARB or that restricts or prohibits the ARB member's 2. Conflicts of Interest Each ARB member must ensure that he or she does not have any conflict
- be engaging or attempting to engage in a prohibited communication, the ARB member must ex parte or other communications. If one or more individuals approach the ARB member and appear to immediately remove himself or herself from the conversation. 3. Ex Parte and Other Prohibited Communications ARB members must not engage in prohibited
- II. ARB Duties [Tax Code Section 5.103(b) (1), (5), and (6)]
- as an ARB member. Tax Code Section 41.01 addresses the duties of the ARB and the actions they are statutory duties of the ARB and complies with all statutory requirements in performing statutory duties authorized to make 1. Statutory Duties of an ARB Each ARB member must ensure that he or she understands the

- appropriate action to correct all verified problems. member must promptly notify the ARB chair. The ARB chair must investigate each report and take required notice is not being provided or does not meet the requirements of applicable law, the ARB familiarity with notices required under the Property Tax Code. If an ARB member believes that any 2. Notices Required Under the Property Tax Code Each ARB member must obtain and maintain
- GCARB determines good cause exists, a protest filed after the legal deadline but before GCARB has demonstration of the requisite good cause is to be determined by the GCARB, in its sole discretion. If protest received before GCARB's deadline to approve the appraisal records based upon the approved the appraisal records shall be scheduled for a hearing. the country; or 5) failing to recognize the deadline. The decision to allow a hearing on a late-filed includes: 1) being on family vacation; 2) being out of the area; 3) being out of the state; 4) being out of cause. Good cause, for the purpose of making this specific determination, is not a reason that the GCARB. Supporting documentation shall be included with the late protest and claim of good 5) failure to receive administrative due process; or 6) other instances of good cause as determined by family; 4) being involved in a legislative or judicial function (i.e. jury duty) or impending court hearing; 2) illness or injury requiring the care of a medical professional; 3) recent death in the immediate as for purposes of good cause include the following: 1) active military duty outside the United States; explanation of good cause prior to scheduling any hearing. Circumstances that GCARB has recognized The GCARB will make this determination of good cause based solely upon the property owner's written contravening laws related to filing deadlines or the orderly and expeditious fulfillment of ARB duties. manner that properly respects the rights of property owners and their agents while not undermining or 41.44(b) must be uniformly applied. The ARB should give due consideration to good cause claims in a be carefully considered. The standards in making determinations of good cause under Tax Code Section protests is not defined in Tax Code Section 41.44(b). Claims of good cause for late-filed protests should 3. Determination of Good Cause Under Tax Code Section 41.44(b) "Good cause" for filing late

district staff) [Tax Code Section 5.103(b)(3), (4), (7), and (14)] III. ARB Hearings (formal hearings, not informal meetings between property owners and appraisal

Scheduling Hearings Generally The ARB must schedule a hearing when a timely notice of protest is filed and, in doing so, may be provided with clerical assistance by the appraisal

Designated agents have the same authority and are subject to the same limitations as Tax Code Section 41.413, the lessee can designate another person to act as an agent with of the property if the property owner does not file a protest relating to the property. Under for taxes imposed on the property is entitled to protest before the ARB the appraised value A person leasing property who is contractually obligated to reimburse the property owner agents designated by property owners. the same authority and limitations as an agent designated under Tax Code Section 1.111.

the contract or lease to show the lessee is obligated to pay the taxes for the owner A person leasing property who protests the appraised value of the property shall include

- postponement request not later than the 7th day after the date of receipt of the of the person requesting the postponement. The ARB must respond in writing or by email to the scheduled hearing time. The postponement request must contain the mailing address and email address request to postpone a hearing if it is not started by an ARB panel or the full ARB within two hours of the more than one protest hearing at the same time and date; however, the property owner or agent can designated agents under Tax Code Section 1.111 for a specific time and date. The ARB can schedule to Tax Code Section 41.66(i), the ARB must schedule hearing requests filed by property owners or their 2. Scheduling Hearings for Property Owners or Their Agents and Qualifying Lessees Pursuant
- may follow the practices customarily used in the scheduling of hearings under Tax Code Section 41.66(j). concerning more than 20 properties filed by the same property owner or their designated agent and designated agent. Also pursuant to Tax Code Section 41.66(j), the ARB may schedule protest hearings hearings." More than one such request may be filed in the same tax year by a property owner or the may use different panels to conduct the hearings based on the ARB's customary scheduling. The ARB Section 41.66(j), including the required statement in boldfaced type: "request for same-day protest be held consecutively on the same day by the ARB. The request must meet all requirements of Tax Code designated agent, hearings on protests concerning up to 20 designated properties must be scheduled to 3. Scheduling Hearings for Multiple Accounts If requested by a property owner or their

4. ARB Panel Assignments [Tax Code Section 41.66 (k)(k-1) and 41.45(d)(d-1)]

consider the property type or the protest grounds in order to assign the protest to a panel with Code Section 41.45(d) and (d-1), it must randomly assign protests. Except for panels established under Tax Code Section 6.425, the ARB, with or without clerical assistance from the appraisal district staff, may members who have particular expertise. Pursuant to Tax Code Section 41.66(k) and (k-1), if an ARB sits in panels as authorized by Tax

or refer it for rehearing to a single-member panel composed of someone who did not hear the original not accept the recommendations made by the single-panel member, the ARB can determine the protest before the hearing date in writing on the notice of protest or by a written submission. If the ARB does conduct the protest hearing. The property owner must submit the request not later than the 10th day Tax Code Section 41.45(b-4) allows a property owner to request that a single-member panel

agent must consent to a special panel reassignment and may request a postponement if they disagree hear a complex property protest if in a county with a population of one million or more. The owner or with the reassignment. Tax Code Section 41.66(k-1) allows a property owner or agent to request a special ARB panel to

constitute reassignment of a protest to another panel." interest, illness, or inability to continue participating in hearings for the remainder of the day does not Pursuant to Tax Code Section 41.66(k), "[a] change of members of a panel because of a conflict of postponement of the hearing. The ARB must postpone the hearing if requested in this situation. another panel, the owner or designated agent may agree to the reassignment or request a without the consent of the property owner or a designated agent. If the ARB reassigns a protest to Once a protest is scheduled for a specific panel, the ARB cannot reassign it to another panel the hearing when the postponement is sought. hearing cannot be postponed to a date less than five or more than 30 days after the date scheduled for to by the ARB chair or the chair's representative, the property owner and the chief appraiser, the without the necessity of action by the full ARB. Unless the postponed hearing date and time are agreed meeting of the ARB, the chair or the chair's representative can act on the postponement request writing, including by facsimile transmission or electronic mail, by telephone or in person to the ARB, an ARB panel or the ARB chair. If the postponed hearing is rescheduled to occur before the next regular fails to appear for the scheduled hearing, the protest will be dismissed. The request must be made in the person receives a confirmation from the GCARB. If a postponement is not granted and the person automatically. A person making such a request should not assume the request has been granted until requiring a showing of good cause should be supported by documentation and will not be granted account number + 41.45(e-2) Request, and state request in body of email. A postponement request postponement under 41.45(e-2) should be emailed to: gonzcad@gvec.net. In the subject line, reference owner or the designated agent shows good cause, as defined in Tax Code Section 41.45(e-2). Request for when the postponement is sought. Without limit, the ARB must postpone a hearing if the property be postponed to a date less than five or more than 30 days after the date scheduled for the hearing ARB chair or the chair's representative, the property owner and the chief appraiser, the hearing cannot necessity of action by the full ARB. Unless the postponed hearing date and time are agreed to by the ARB, the chair or the chair's representative may act on the request for postponement without the If the requested hearing postponement is scheduled to occur before the next regular meeting of the in writing, including by fax or email by telephone or in person to the ARB, an ARB panel or the ARB chair. in the subject line and state request in body of email. The request must be made before the hearing date cause. Request for reschedule should be emailed to: gonzcad@gvec.net. Reference the account number by an agent under Tax Code Section 1.111 is entitled to one postponement of a hearing without showing 5. Postponements Under Tax Code Section 41.45(e). A property owner who is not represented

the hearing when the postponement is sought. cannot postpone the hearing to a date less than five or more than 30 days after the date scheduled for to by the ARB chair or the chair's representative, the property owner and the chief appraiser, the ARB without the necessity of action by the full ARB. Unless the postponed hearing date and time are agreed meeting of the ARB, the chair or the Chair's representative can act on the postponement request ARB panel or the ARB chair. If the postponed hearing is rescheduled to occur before the next regular must request the postponement in writing, including by fax, email, telephone or in person to the AR, an shows good cause, as defined in Tax Code Section 41.45(e-2). The property owner or designated agent Without limit, the ARB must postpone a hearing if the property owner or designated agent

request not later than the 7th day after the date of receipt of the protest. requesting the postponement. The ARB must respond in writing or by email to the postponement A. The postponement request must contain the mailing address and email address of the person

day, you will have to attend the scheduled hearing on its scheduled date and at the scheduled time taking precedence. If we are too busy, and cannot hold your hearing at a convenient time on that earlier to come to the GCARB's office on a day that is prior to your scheduled hearing, with scheduled hearings B. As an alternative to postponing and to better accommodate your schedule, you may choose

- 41.45(e-1) REQUEST, to help ensure proper processing Texas 78629-0519. With either form of delivery, the outside of the envelope should be marked SEC. If delivered in person, deliver to: GCARB Chairman•1709 E. Sarah Dewitt Dr Unit B. Gonzales, Texas statement should be delivered to the GCARB either in person, by mail or by common or contract carrier. 78629. If sent by mail, common or contract carrier, deliver to GCARB Chairman•P.O. Box 867 Gonzales, rescheduling." Supporting documentation shall be included with the claim of good cause. The written not cause undue delay or other injury to the person authorized to extend the deadline or grant a an error or mistake that: (1) was not intentional or the result of conscious indifference; and (2) will a new hearing. For purposes of Subsections (e) and (e-1), "good cause" means a reason that includes showing good cause, as defined in Tax Code Section 41.45(e-2), for the failure to appear and requesting not later than the fourth day after the date the hearing occurred, a written statement with the ARB fails to appear at the hearing is entitled to a new hearing if the property owner or owner's agent files, 6. Postponements Under Tax Code Section 41.45(e-1) A property owner or owner's agent who
- request not later than the 7th day after the date of receipt of the protest requesting the postponement. The ARB must respond in writing or by email to the postponement A. The postponement request must contain the mailing address and email address of the person
- Requests sent without documentation will not be reviewed. agent by the other ARB. Request and documentation should be emailed to: gonzcad@gvec.net. this ARB or, if the postmark date is identical, the property owner or agent has not requested a postponement request a copy of the hearing notice delivered to the property owner or the owner's postponement of the other hearing; and (4) the property owner or the owner's agent includes with the or the owner's agent by the other ARB bears an earlier postmark than the hearing notice delivered by on the same date as the hearing set by this ARB; (3) the hearing notice delivered to the property owner hearing in another appraisal district; (2) the other scheduled ARB protest hearing is scheduled to occur date if: (1) the owner of the property or the owner's agent is also scheduled to appear at an ARB protest 7. Postponements Under Tax Code Section 41.45(g) The ARB must postpone a hearing to a later
- **Customer Service counter** to provide the evidence, 41.461(a)(2) materials, by regular first-class mail or in person at GCAD evidence, 41.461(a)(2) materials. To get information for your property from GCAD, you may ask GCAD hearing procedures are enclosed with the Notice of Protest Hearing. GCARB does not provide GCAD than the seventh day after the date of receipt of the request. The Comptroller's pamphlet and GCARB's postponement. The ARB must respond in writing or by email to the postponement request not later postponement request must contain the mailing address and email address of the person requesting the hearing and establishes that the chief appraiser failed to comply with Tax Code Section 41.461.The time only) if the property owner or the designated agent requests additional time to prepare for the 8. Postponements Under Tax Code Section 41.66(h) The ARB must postpone a hearing (one
- ARB within two hours of the scheduled hearing time. The postponement request must contain the property owner or agent can request to postpone a hearing if it is not started by an ARB panel or the full date. The ARB can schedule more than one protest hearing at the same time and date; however, a filed by property owners or their designated agents under Tax Code Section 1.111 for a specific time and 9. Postponements Under Tax Code Section 41.66(i) The ARB must schedule protest hearings

in writing or by email to the postponement request not later than the 7th day after the date of receipt mailing address and email address of the person requesting the postponement. The ARB must respond

continue participating in hearings for the remainder of the day does not constitute panel reassignment.. a specific panel, the ARB can rnoteassign it to another panel without the consent of the property owner on that request. A change of panel members because of a conflict of interest, illness or inability to agent may agree to reassignment or request that a postponement. The ARB must postpone the hearing or designated agent. If the ARB reassigns a protest to another panel, a property owner or designated 10. Postponements Under Tax Code Section 41.66(k)(k-1) Once the ARB schedules a hearing by

does not constitute a special panel hearing reassignment. a conflict of interest, illness or inability to continue participating in hearings for the remainder of the day postponement if they disagree with the reassignment. A change of special panel members because of A property owner or agent must consent to a special panel ARB hearing reassignment or request

requesting the postponement. The ARB must respond in writing or by email to the postponement request not later than the 7th day after the date of receipt of the request. The postponement request must contain the mailing address and email address of the person

appraisal district staff) [Tax Code Section 5.103(b)(2), (9), and (10)] IV. Conduct of ARB Hearings (formal hearings, not informal meetings between property owners and

does not have to read the statement above if the owner or agent has previously appeared before the decision. Appeal information will be provided to you with our determination." The ARB or ARB panel instructions on how to fill out the survey]. The survey is voluntary. You also have the right to appeal our protest today. We do not work for the appraisal district. We are appointed to perform an independent beginning of each hearing: "We are the appraisal review [board or panel] that will be hearing your review of your protest. You may complete a survey regarding your experience today [provide ARB or any ARB panel for the ARB for that county that same day. 1. Conducting Hearings Open to the Public This introductory statement should be read at the

For most protest hearings, the hearing should be conducted in the following order:

- owner and other identifying information. a. Commence the hearing and announce the assigned protest number, property location and
- adequate time to review each document, even if you have previously submitted the evidence the hearing to assist in giving the GCARB and the Gonzales Central Appraisal District (GCAD) appraiser not been provided must be provided. Bring six (6) copies of evidence and two (2) copies of photos to b. Announce that, in accordance with Tax Code Section 41.45(h), all written material that has
- anyone about the protest and have signed affidavits to that effect. c. State that the ARB members who are considering the protest have not communicated with
- for the hearing, and other relevant matters. d. Welcome the parties and remind them of the content of the hearing procedures, time limits
- D-1. Time limits are as follows:

- Five minutes for opening by GCARB Chair.
 Eight minutes total for property owner or
- Eight minutes total for property owner or agent. (five minutes for initial evidence and
- Eight minutes total for GCAD (five minutes for initial evidence and three for rebuttal)
- Four minutes for GCARB to determine or issue a value and close hearing

Time limits are also referenced on the last page of model hearing procedures.

- and Certification Board and if the witness is appearing in that capacity. Ask if any testifying witness holds a license or certificate from the Texas Appraiser Licensing
- plan to testify ${f f}.$ Inform witnesses that all testimony must be given under oath and swear-in all witnesses who
- before or after the appraisal district. g. Ask the property owner to decide if he/she wishes to present his/her evidence and argument
- (if applicable) for the property must be stated. witnesses as part of the presentation of evidence. At the end of the presentation, an opinion of value (documents and/or testimony). If witnesses are present, the property owner or agent may examine the h. If the property owner or agent presents his/her case first, he/she shall present evidence
- or the representative and/or witnesses. i. Next, the appraisal district representative may cross-examine the property owner, the agent
- present, the appraisal district representative may examine the witnesses as part of the j. If the property owner or agent presented his/her case first, the appraisal district the property must be stated. (CAD value or dollar) presentation of evidence. At the end of the presentation, an opinion of value (if applicable) for representative shall present evidence (documents and/or testimony) next. If witnesses are
- and/or witnesses. k. Then, the property owner or agent may cross-examine the appraisal district representative
- I. Members of the ARB shall not be examined or cross-examined by parties.
- evidence presented by the other party). m. The party presenting its case first may offer rebuttal evidence (additional evidence to refute
- n. The other party may then offer rebuttal evidence.
- determination being sought. o. The party presenting its case first shall make its closing argument and state the ARB
- determination being sought. p. The party presenting its case second shall make its closing argument and state the ARB
- q. The ARB or panel chair shall state that the hearing is closed
- communication are permitted. r. The ARB or panel shall deliberate orally. No notes, text messages, or other forms of written

(i.e., excessive appraisal and unequal appraisal must have separate ARB motions and determinations). vote shall be taken and recorded by a designated appraisal district staff person or member of the ARB assigned for this purpose. Separate motions and determinations must be made for each protested issue subject of the protest hearing. The motion should include the exact value or issue to be determined. A s. The ARB or panel chairman shall ask for a separate motion for each matter that was the

however, the ARB will ultimately accept the panel's determination, make its own determination on the hear the original protest. protest, or refer the matter for rehearing to a single-member panel composed of someone who did not Single-member panels must make a recommendation on each motion submitted under protest

submitted under protest, however, the ARB will ultimately accept the panel's determination or refer the the determination. protest. If ARB does not have at least three other special panel members available, the ARB may make matter for rehearing to another special panel composed of members who did not hear the original Special panels appointed in certain counties must make a recommendation on each motion

board hearing the protest signed the required affidavit. determination. Provide the property owner or agent documents indicating that the members of the than 120,000 where property owners can submit a written request for email delivery of the notice of order determining protest will be sent by certified mail or email in counties with populations greater t. Thank the parties for their participation and announce the ARB determination(s) and that an

property owner or agent with a separate screen). staff. This requirement is met if the property owner or agent can see all information displayed on at hearings to view the same information that is presented to the ARB members by the appraisal district other information, the ARB must make computer screens available to property owners and agents at the least one computer screen in the hearing location (there is no requirement that the ARB provide the If the ARB members use computer screens during ARB hearings for reviewing evidence and

provide equipment of the same general type, kind and character for the use of the property owner or agent during the hearing. See section VI, Other Issues, for more information regarding audiovisual equipment requirements. If a chief appraiser uses audiovisual equipment at a protest hearing, the appraisal office must

examination or cross-examination during testimony of witnesses or parties testifying at the hearing debating each other. The parties must direct all communications to the ARB members, except for The property owner or agent and the appraisal district representative are prohibited from

hearings above but may make exceptions for the type of hearing. or other matters that may be the subject of ARB hearings, the ARB should follow the order of conducting For taxing unit challenges, motions to correct appraisal records, protests regarding exemptions,

responsible for ensuring proper record keeping, maintenance and retention required by Tax Code Section 41.45 and Comptroller Rules 9.803 and 9.805. The ARB secretary is ARB proceeding. This includes the ARB retaining evidence offered or submitted by the parties as Tax Code Section 41.68 and Comptroller Rule 9.803 require that the ARB keep records for each

invites to participate in the hearing. owner is responsible for providing access to a hearing conducted remotely to another person the owner property owner must submit a written affidavit of any evidence before the hearing begins. A property intends to appear remotely. To offer evidence or argument at a hearing conducted remotely, a request not later than the $10^{
m th}$ day before the date of the hearing if the property owner or agent appearing. Tax Code Section 41.45(b-1) requires a property owner to notify the ARB by written a property owner appearing a protest can offer evidence or argument by affidavit without physically ${f 2.}$ Conducting Hearings by Telephone or Videoconference call Tax Code Section ${f 41.45(n)}$ allows

parties to the protest in attendance to hear and see the property owner's argument. county). The ARB must hold the hearing in a location with equipment that allows all ARB members and the teleconference call or the URL address for conducting the videoconference (if offered in that Tax Code Section 41. 45(b-2) requires the ARB to provide the telephone number for conducting

Procedures for Telephone Hearings

A sworn affidavit, testimony and evidence must be received before the hearing

Unsworn declarations will not be accepted

Telephone hearings are subject to the following:

A property owner who does not speak English will need to provide their own translator

ATTENTION-Telephone Hearing Request should be prominently displayed on the outside of the encouraged to use a method that provides proof of delivery. To help facilitate accurate processing address is: GCARB•1709 E Sarah Dewitt Dr Unit B Gonzales, Texas 78629. Property owners are Box 867 Gonzales, Texas 78629-0519. If hand delivered or sent by common or contract carrier, the are not sufficient and will not be considered. If sent first-class mail, the mailing address is: GCARB•P.O. 10th day before the date of the hearing. Faxes, electronic mail or other methods of electronic delivery GCARB in writing on the original protest form or by written notice filed with the board not later than the a. A property owner wishing to appear for a hearing by telephone conference call must notify

owners are encouraged to use a method that provides proof of delivery. To help facilitate accurate the envelope processing ATTENTION-Telephone Hearing Affidavit should be prominently displayed on the outside of contract carrier, the address is: GCARB•1709 E Sarah Dewitt Dr Unit B Gonzales, Texas 78629. Property electronic delivery are not sufficient and will not be considered. If sent first-class mail, the mailing address is: GCARB•P.O. Box 867 Gonzales, Texas 78629-0519. If hand delivered or sent by common or hearing time, to be considered at the scheduled hearing. Faxes, electronic mail or other methods of method, sworn affidavit, testimony and evidence must be in possession of GCARB at the scheduled received by GCARB at least five (5) business days before the date of the hearing. Regardless of submittal GCARB. To help facilitate accurate processing, the sworn affidavit, testimony and evidence, should be b. A property owner must provide any evidence in the form of a sworn affidavit filed with the

panel will conduct the hearing(s) via appearance by sworn affidavit. If no sworn affidavit has been scheduled to start. If the property owner does not call shortly before the scheduled hearing time, the received by the GCARB, the panel will dismiss the protest for failure to appear. c. The property owner must call 830-672-2879 approximately five minutes before the hearing is

When the owner's call is answered, the owner should be prepared to give:

- The owner's name
- The account number(s) and case number(s) identifying the protest(s)
- The telephone number at which the owner can be reached

in the hearing by telephone. The panel will conduct the hearing(s) via appearance by sworn affidavit or if GCARB calls. If the GCARB cannot reach the owner, the owner will forfeit the opportunity to participate is available. The owner is responsible for keeping the line clear and answering promptly when the answering the call will advise the property owner that the GCARB will call the owner back when a panel evidence and testimony available within the hearing. no sworn affidavit has been submitted, the panel will make a recommendation with the information, d. If the ARB is not available to hold the hearing right away, the GCARB member or staff member

the hearing has not begun, the owner may terminate the call, if still on hold. The owner should promptly call 830-672-2879 and state they are exercising the right to request a postponement of the hearing. e. If a property owner has had to wait more than two hours from the scheduled hearing time and

connection: f. The property owner is responsible for ensuring a clear connection from his/her end of the

- Internet connection is fast enough to provide clear transmission of sound without cellular network. A property owner using a VOIP telephone should ensure that the should call from a safe and secure location with a strong, reliable connection to a The property owner should use a land-line telephone. Or, if using a cell phone,
- dogs, noises that might interfere with the panel's ability to hear and understand the The owner should separate from background noises like televisions and barking
- by telephone. The panel will conduct the hearing(s) via appearance by sworn hearing will continue but no evidence, argument or discussion will take place. If a If a call is dropped or if the property owner's speech is garbled or unintelligible, the recommendation with the information, evidence and testimony available within the affidavit or if no sworn affidavit has been submitted, the panel will make a the hearing and owner will have no further opportunity to participate in the hearing connection cannot be reestablished within five minutes, the panel will proceed with the property owner again. During an attempt to establish a reconnection, the GCARB panel may terminate the call and will make two attempts to connect with hearing.

- affidavit, those items should be clearly labeled and easy to follow. g. If the property owner provides documents, photographs tables or other items with the swom
- affidavit is not submitted, the property owner will only be allowed to comment on GCAD evidence. owner may comment on evidence that is presented through a sworn affidavit or by GCAD. If a swom Testimony will not be permitted. h. A property owner may not offer evidence by telephone. Evidence includes facts and opinions. The
- participate in the hearing i. The property owner is responsible for providing access to another person that the owner invites to
- decision will not be changed even if the property owner successfully contacts the ARB by telephone at a participate in a hearing by telephone, the panel will proceed to hear or dismiss the protest. The panel's j. If the panel determines that the property owner has wholly or partially forfeited the right to
- county). The ARB must hold the hearing in a location with equipment that allows all ARB members and the teleconference call or the URL address for conducting the videoconference (if offered in that parties to the protest in attendance to hear and, if applicable see the property owner's argument. k. Tax Code Section 41.45(b-2) requires the ARB to provide the telephone number for conducting
- 3. Conducting Hearings Closed to the Public [Tax Code Section 41.66(d), (d-1)]

to intent to disclose proprietary or confidential information that will assist the ARB in determining the The chief appraiser and the property owner must file a joint motion to request a closed hearing due

same order of proceedings as for hearings open to the public. witnesses and the ARB members are permitted to stay in the hearing room. The ARB must follow the meeting as permitted by Tax Code Section 41.66(d) and (d-1). Only the parties to the protest, their The ARB or panel chair must convene the hearing as an open meeting and then announce the closed

all proprietary and confidential information has been appropriately identified by the ARB. The ARB members must maintain the confidentiality of the information and disclose only as provided by law for proper handling. At the conclusion of the hearing, the ARB panel must confirm with the parties that Section 22.27. The ARB must mark as "confidential" and maintain it as confidential in the ARB records evidence presented at the hearing giving rise to the closed hearing is confidential according to Tax Code closed meeting in accordance with Comptroller Rule 9.803, generally. The proprietary or confidential The ARB secretary must keep a separate tape recording or written summary of testimony for the

protest deliberated in the closed meeting. The ARB and parties cannot mention of the proprietary or confidential information during the open meeting After deliberation, the ARB must reconvene in open meeting and vote or take final action on the

for witness examination and cross-examination. See time limits at the end of the packet. To the extent this entitlement in any way; however, it may enforce time limits and dictate the order of ARB hearings other parties, and present argument on the matters subject to the hearing." The ARB cannot prohibit states that "each party to a hearing is entitled to offer evidence, examine or cross-examine witnesses or 4. Right to Examine and Cross-Examine Witnesses or Other Parties Tax Code Section 41.66(b)

impose regarding the presentation of evidence. possible, the parties should be advised in advance of any time limitations the ARB has determined to

not and to designate, under Tax Code Section 41.413, another person to act as his/her agent with the property owner for taxes imposed on the property is entitled to file a protest if the property owner does provide a copy of the lease or contract. same authority and limitations as an agent designated under Tax Code Section 1.111. The lessee must Tax Code Section 1.111. A person leasing property who is contractually obligated to reimburse the person to designate an agent to represent the person in a property tax matter other than as provided by by an agent if an agency authorization is filed at or before the hearing on the motion or protest. The ARB may not require that an agency authorization be filed at an earlier time. The ARB cannot require 5. Party's Right to Appear by an Agent The ARB must accept and consider a motion or protest filed

V. Evidence Considerations [Tax Code Section 5.103(8), (11), and (13)]

provide as much time as possible to each party to a hearing to fully present evidence and offer impose regarding the presentation of evidence and argument. The ARB should, schedule permitting, extent possible, the ARB should advise the parties in advance of any time limitations the ARB intends to offer evidence and argument but may enforce time limits and dictate the order of ARB hearings. To the A Party's Right to Offer Evidence and Argument The ARB cannot prohibit a party's right to

Section 41.66(e)] Prohibition of Consideration of Information Not Provided at the ARB Hearing [Tax Code

(e.g. chief appraiser, appraisal district representative, property owner, agent or witness) at the protest district record (i.e., appraisal roll history, appraisal cards), one of the parties must present it as evidence was not presented to the ARB during the protest hearing. In order for the ARB to consider any appraisal In a protest hearing, the ARB cannot consider any appraisal district information on a protest that

3. Exclusion of Evidence Required by Tax Code Section 41.67(d), (e)

the hearing establishes that: hearing. The ARB must exclude evidence under Tax Code Section 41.67(d) only if evidence presented at cannot use or offer the requested information not made available in any form as evidence in the information under Tax Code Section 41.461 and that the opposing party did not delivery the information to the protesting party at least 14 days before the scheduled or postponed hearing, the opposing party If it is established during a protest hearing that the protesting party previously requested

- the hearing; and 1)the information sought to be excluded as evidence was not delivered at least 14 days before
- 2) the information sought to be excluded as evidence was previously requested by the

support of a modification or denial of an exemption or application unless: Tax Code Section 41.67(e) prohibits the chief appraiser from offering evidence at a hearing in

- ı owner in writing no later than the 14 $^{
 m th}$ day before the hearing date; and The chief appraiser provided the reasoning for the modification or denial to the property
- 2) Evidence establishes that the additional reason was not known by the chief appraiser at the time the chief appraiser delivered the original notice of modification or denial.

VI. Other Issues [Tax Code Section 5.103(17)]

- impartiality of the ARB. law and should act at all times in a manner that promotes public confidence in the integrity and 1. Compliance with the Law, Integrity, and Impartiality ARB members must comply with the
- appearing before the ARB. 2. Patience and Courtesy ARB members must be patient, dignified and courteous to parties
- 3. Bias or Prejudice ARB members must perform their ARB duties without bias or prejudice.
- acquired in the performance of ARB duties for any purpose unrelated to ARB duties. 4. Confidential Information ARB members must not disclose or use confidential information
- 5. Required Contents That Vary By ARB

procedures include specific items that may vary by ARB. The rule addresses: evidence exchange and retention and audiovisual equipment requirements. The rule requires that ARB ARB model hearing procedures must comply with Comptroller Rule 9.805 concerning ARB

- at the hearing on a small, portable, electronic device; other party with evidentiary materials the person intends to offer or submit to the ARB for consideration the manner and form, including security requirements, in which a person must provide the
- how to retain the evidence as part of the ARB's hearing record; and
- or the property owner's agent. the audiovisual equipment provided by an appraisal district, if any, for use by a property owner

This section of the ARB's hearing procedures must address each item required in

Comptroller Rule 9.805.

presented at scheduled hearing. VHS/DVI tapes, Macintosh devices, floppy discs, SD memory cards. All evidence must be available and phones, smart phones, tablet computers, laptop computers, cameras, camcorders, websites, FTP sites, a. GCARB will not accept evidence on USB flash drives, 120mm compact discs (CD), DVD, cell

. If you are scheduled for a hearing on a protest or motion that has property tax payment

Examples to include but not limited to: 25.25(c) Motions, 25.25(d) Motions, Sec. 41.411, Sec. 41.44(c)

Sec. 25.26. Forfeiture of Remedy for Nonpayment of Taxes

- the amount of taxes required to be paid under Subsection (b). If the property owner complies with amount is not delinquent before that date. for additional taxes finally determined to be due in an appeal under Chapter 42, and that additional determined in the manner provided by Section 42.42(c) for the determination of the delinquency date taxes on the property that is the subject of the motion. However, that delinquency date applies only to Subsection (b), the delinquency date for any additional amount of taxes due on the property is (a) The pendency of a motion filed under Section 25.25 does not affect the delinquency date for the
- the right to proceed to a final determination of the motion. subject of the motion that is not in dispute before the delinquency date or the property owner forfeits must pay the amount of taxes due on the portion of the taxable value of the property that is the (b) Except as provided by Subsection (d), a property owner who files a motion under Section 25.25
- paid under protest, even if paid before the motion is filed. property owner files a timely motion under Section 25.25, taxes paid on the property are considered forfeit the property owner's right to a final determination of the motion by making the payment. If the (c) A property owner who pays an amount of taxes greater than that required by Subsection (b) does not
- required by the circumstances. Section 41.4115(d) and may set such terms and conditions on any grant of relief as may be reasonably determine compliance with this section in the same manner and by the same procedure as provided by restraint on the property owner's right of access to the board. On the motion of a party, the board shal review board, after notice and hearing, finds that such prepayment would constitute an unreasonable requirement of prepayment of tax as a prerequisite to the determination of a motion if the appraisal (d) After filing an oath of inability to pay the taxes at issue, a property owner may be excused from the

Sec. 41.4115. Forfeiture of Remedy for Nonpayment of Taxes.

- in an appeal under Chapter 42, and that additional amount is not delinquent before that date. 42.42(c) for the determination of the delinquency date for additional taxes finally determined to be due additional amount of taxes due on the property is determined in the manner provided by Section Section 41.44(c-3). If the property owner complies with Subsection (b), the delinquency date for any of the taxes due on the property, as determined by the appraisal review board at a hearing under date is postponed to the 125th day after the date one or more taxing units first delivered written notice taxes required to be paid under Subsection (b) and, for purposes of Subsection (b), that delinquency on the property subject to the protest. However, that delinquency date applies only to the amount of (a) The pendency of a protest under Section 41.411 does not affect the delinquency date for the taxes
- a final determination of the protest. that is not in dispute before the delinquency date or the property owner forfeits the right to proceed to pay the amount of taxes due on the portion of the taxable value of the property subject to the protest (b) Except as provided in Subsection (d), a property owner who files a protest under Section 41.411 must
- forfeit the property owner's right to a final determination of the protest by making the payment. If the (c) A property owner who pays an amount of taxes greater than that required by Subsection (b) does not

paid under protest, even if paid before the protest is filed. property owner files a timely protest under Section 41.411, taxes paid on the property are considered

the property owner fully complies with the board's determination within 30 days of the determination substantially but not fully complied with this section, the board shall dismiss the pending protest unless board shall dismiss the pending protest. If the board determines that the property owner has the board determines that the property owner has not substantially complied with this section, the such terms and conditions on any grant of relief as may be reasonably required by the circumstances. If hold a hearing to review and determine compliance with this section, and the reviewing board may set restraint on the property owner's right of access to the board. On the motion of a party, the board shal review board, after notice and hearing, finds that such prepayment would constitute an unreasonable requirement of prepayment of tax as a prerequisite to the determination of a protest if the appraisal (d) After filing an oath of inability to pay the taxes at issue, a property owner may be excused from the

delinquency generally do not satisfy the requirements of the Tax Code. immediately following the protest year, proof of timely payment may be required.4 Taxes paid after If the GCARB hearing is held after the delinquency date, generally after January 31 of the year

If your protest alleges the failure of the GCAD or the GCARB to deliver a notice

will not consider the substantive issues. substantive issues. If the panel does not find a violation concerning the delivery of a notice, the panel your protest, such as value, exemptions, etc. You should come prepared for hearings on those notice was not delivered, the panel will immediately hold a hearing(s) on the substantive issues raised in Be prepared to present your evidence concerning the notice. If the GCARB panel determines that a

not require the delivery of additional written notice to the property owner. board, the chairman, or the chairman's representative of a postponement under this subsection does is scheduled to occur before the next regular meeting of the board. The granting by the appraisal review without the necessity of action by the full board if the hearing for which the postponement is requested chairman or the chairman's representative may take action on a postponement under this subsection or in person to the appraisal review board, a panel of the board, or the chairman of the board. The subsection may be made in writing, including by facsimile transmission or electronic mail, by telephone, owner, and the chief appraiser. A request by a property owner for a postponement under this agreed to by the chairman of the appraisal review board or the chairman's representative, the property the hearing when the postponement is sought unless the date and time of the hearing as postponed are hearing may not be postponed to a date less than five or more than 30 days after the date scheduled for shows good cause for the postponement or if the chief appraiser consents to the postponement. The board shall postpone the hearing to a later date if the property owner or the owner's agent at any time date without showing cause. In addition and without limitation as to the number of postponements, the $1.111\,$ to represent the owner at the hearing is entitled to one postponement of the hearing to a later board before the date of the hearing, a property owner who has not designated an agent under Section 1Sec. 41.45(e) of the Texas Property Tax Code, states: "(e) On request made to the appraisal review

must be received before the hearing*** Unsworn Declarations will not be accepted. sworn affidavit delivered to GCARB, before the hearing. ***A sworn affidavit, testimony and evidence 2If you are unable to attend the hearing, the law allows you to submit your evidence in the form of a

sided paper. document, even if you have previously submitted the evidence. Evidence should be on 8.5' imes 11" single assist in giving the GCARB three-member panel and the GCAD appraiser adequate time to review each attachments to support your opinion of value, along with (6) sets of exact copies of said documents, to sworn affidavit at a hearing designated for the specific purpose of processing affidavits. For your the hearing. GCARB is not required to hold the hearing at the scheduled time and may consider the shall consider the submission of the sworn affidavit as an indication that you do not intend to appear at hearing, submit the original sworn affidavit containing all evidence, photos, arguments, exhibits and you do not appear at the hearing in person. If you state, you intend to appear at the hearing, in the oaths. You must state In the sworn affidavit that either: 1) you do not intend to appear at the hearing; or person. If you do not state in the sworn affidavit whether you intend to appear at the hearing, GCARB sworn affidavit, GCARB may consider the sworn affidavit only if you do not appear at the hearing in 2) that you intend to appear at the hearing in person and that the sworn affidavit may be used only if An affidavit must be signed under oath before a Notary Public other person authorized to administer

Sworn affidavits, testimony and evidence can be delivered in person, by mail or common, contract

- If delivered by mail, deliver to: GCARB P.O. Box 867 Gonzales, Texas 78629-0519
- If delivered in person, common or contract carrier: deliver to: GCARB 1709 E Sarah Dewitt Dr Unit B Gonzales, Texas 78629

displayed on the outside of the envelope. o To help facilitate accurate processing, ATTENTION-ARB HEARING AFFIDAVIT should be prominently

o To allow time for processing, it is recommended the sworn affidavit and evidence should be received at least five (5) business days prior to scheduled hearing.

o Sworn affidavits, testimony and evidence are accepted via fax or email.

Email: gonzcad@gvec.net fax: 830-672-8345

received at least five (5) business days prior to scheduled hearing o To allow time for processing, it is recommended the sworn affidavit, testimony and evidence be

provide authorization at the time of the hearing will result in the dismissal of the case agent is an owner or authorized employee of the property owner's business or the owner's attorney other person not shown as an owner on the property's deed (including the owner's spouse). If the filed at or before the hearing. This is particularly true when an agent is a professional tax consultant, or https://comptroller.texas.gov/forms/50-162.pdf. The form must be signed by the owner and must be generally not acceptable authorization. Forms are available at our office or online at designate an agent in writing using the Comptroller's form 50-162. Formats other than form 50-162 are GCARB needs to know the person is properly authorized. In most instances, a property owner must 3A property owner may have another person appear at the hearing as the owner's agent, but the licensed to practice in Texas, the GCARB may accept other evidence of the agent's authority. Failure to

4Sec. 31.02. Delinquency Date.

tax consultant for assistance or information regarding other laws that may affect your specific situation.) information that may pertain to your situation or you have the right to consult with a lawyer or property following the year in which imposed. (See Chapter 31 of the current Texas Property Tax Code for other taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year (a)Except as provided by Subsection (b) of this section and by Sections 31.03 and 31.04 of this code,

resource.php Texas Property Tax Code is available at https://comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax/legal-

interpreters. It is your responsibility to provide an interpreter if you require one. Attention, non-english speaking property owners and representatives: GCARB does not provide

Interpreter Needed" in the subject line, and state request in the body. gonzcad@gvec.net five (5) business prior to scheduled hearing. If emailing, please put "Sign Language For hearing impaired needing sign language interpreter, please call 830-672-2879 or email

first-class mail or in person at GCAD Customer Service counter. existing account. You may also ask GCAD to provide the evidence, 41.461(a)(2) materials, by regular your property from GCAD, go to http://www.gonzalescad.org/to create an account or sign in to your Hearing. GCARB does not provide GCAD evidence, 41.461(a)(2) materials. To get that information for The Comptroller's pamphlet and GCARB's hearing procedures are enclosed with the Notice of Protest

IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING YOUR UPCOMING HEARING

PRIOR TO SCHEDULED HEARING DATE

A. EVALUATE NEED FOR A HEARING:

one of the two methods below If you decide a protest on your account is no longer necessary and you have not received, signed and returned, a Settlement and Waiver of Protest form from GCAD, your protest can be closed by selecting

1. Send an email to: gonzcad@gvec.net

- Place account number in the subject line
- State request in body of email
- Submit email five (5) business days prior to scheduled hearing to allow for processing

B. SELECT METHOD OF DELIVERY OF EVIDENCE:

Keep copies of all documents and use delivery method that confirms GCARB receipt.

the scheduled hearing. Regardless of submittal method, evidence must be in the possession of the GCARB to be considered at

your packet must contain a sworn affidavit. 1. PAPER - if not appearing in person at the hearing, and want to submit required documents via paper,

o Not accepted via fax or email.

scheduled hearing date, to allow for quarantine and processing. o Submit paper evidence and or sworn affidavit via drop box at least five (5) business days prior to

Paper evidence can be placed in drop box at:

GCARB-HEARING EVIDENCE

1709 E. Sarah Dewitt Dr. Unit B

Gonzales, Texas 78629

Evidence envelope should be clearly labeled with:

Account number

🛭 Name

Telephone number

prior to scheduled hearing date, to allow for quarantine and processing. o GCARB suggests mailing paper sworn affidavit, testimony and evidence at least five (5) business days

Paper evidence can be mailed to:

GCARB-Hearing Evidence

P.O. Box 867

Gonzales, Texas 78629

3. IN PERSON

any photos to be presented o If appearing in person for your hearing, bring original and six (6) copies of evidence, three (3) copies of

Masks are not required but can be worn.

Time Limits for hearings:

- Last no longer than 25 minutes in total.
- Time limits are as follows:
- Five minutes for opening by GCARB chair
- Eight minutes total for property owner or agent (five minutes for initial evidence, 3 for
- ω Eight minutes total for GCAD (five minutes for initial evidence, 3 for rebuttal)
- Four minutes for GCARB to determine or issue a value and close hearing.

While you wait, organize your:

Thoughts • Testimony • And any handouts you may have to distribute.

The GCARB will:

Give you the opportunity to present your evidence first

It will then give the appraisal district an opportunity to present their evidence

They will ask clarifying questions/deliberate/determine a recommended value.

You will receive a copy of the recommendation before you leave today.

Wait time could be up to two hours from scheduled hearing time.

Pursuant to Texas Tax Code section 41.71:

- An appraisal review board by rule shall provide for hearings on protests on a Saturday or after 5 p.m. on a weekday,
- b) The board may not schedule:
- the first hearing on a protest held on a weekday evening to begin after 7 p.m.; or hearing on a protest on a Sunday.
- C GCARB will schedule evening hearings on Wednesday June 23,2022 from 5:00 pm to 7:00 pm
- d) Saturday hearings will be from 9:30 A.M. to 4:30 P.M.
- e These hearings must be requested on the protest form and will be scheduled on a first come first serve basis,

_ If a property owner or agent misses their evening or Saturday hearing, there will be no hearing on an evening or Saturday.